



Care Giving Behaviours as Perceived by Patients and Nurses: A Comparative International Study

Instruments of the study

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Caring Behaviors Inventory

- Developed by Zane Wolf (1981)
based on Jean Watson's theory and
literature
- Use to nurses and patients
- Several versions



Caring Behaviors Inventory

- A Likert scale
- First version 4 point scale – CBI 43
1 = strongly disagree ... 4 = strongly agree

Test retest reliability 0.96 in the nurse sample

Internal consistency 0.96 in the combined nurse-patient sample

Content validity by a panel of experts



CBI 43 combined nurse and patients responses

Factor	Eigenvalue	% explained variance
1	15.7092	36.5%
2	2,5775	6%
3	1.94179	4.5%
4	1.8051	4.2%
5	1,3730	3.2%
6	1.0268	2.4%

(Wolf et al, 1994)



Caring Behaviors Inventory

CBI 42 – Factor items and Alpha Coefficients

Factor	Items	alpha
Respectful deference to others	12	0.8906
Human presence	12	0.9221
Positive connectness	9	0.8452
Knowledge & skill	5	0.8157
Other's experience	4	0.8191

- Revision of scale (1994) – CBI 42

1 = never ... 6 = always



Caring Behaviors Inventory

- Wolf Z (1998) Retesting CBI 42
Cronbach's alpha 0.98
- Wolf Z (2003) Retesting CBI 42
Cronbach's alpha 0.95
- Larabee et al (2004)
Cronbach's alpha 0.98



Caring Behaviors Inventory

- Wu et al 2006 → CBI 24
 - internal consistency 0.96 patients, 0.96 nurses
 - convergent validity through relationship with patient satisfaction score ($r=0.62$)
 - construct validity through correlations with patient characteristics (age, satisfaction with life, pain level)
 - similar statistical conclusions as CBI 42
 - good test-retest reliability (0.88 patients, 0.82 nurses)
 - covers 4 of the five dimensions assessed by CBI 42



CBI 24 – Factor Internal Consistency

Factor	Patients	Nurses
Human presence	0.92	0.92
Professional knowledge	0.87	0.83
Respectful deference	0.91	0.92
Connectness	0.82	0.87



Caring Behaviors Inventory

- Short length of time (12.30 minutes CBI 42)
- Consistent – understandable language
- Understandable instructions
- Easy to analyze results
- Can be used both to patients and nurses



Caring Behaviors Inventory

- **Wu et al (2006)** Caring Behaviors Inventory
A reduction of the 42-item inventory
- **Green A (2004)** Caring Behaviors as Perceived by Nurse Practitioners
- **Coulombe et al (2002)** Caring Behaviors Inventory:
Analysis and Responses by Hospitalized Surgical patients



- **Brunton & Beaman (2000)** Nurse Practitioners' Perceptions of Their Caring Behaviors
- **Swan B (1998)** Postoperative Nursing Care Contributions to Symptom Distress and Functional Status After Ambulatory Surgery
- **Wolf et al (1998)** Relationship between nurse caring and patient satisfaction



Individualized Care Scale

- A 38 item bipartite questionnaire
- Developed by Pr. Suhonen et al (2000)
- Identify nurses' and patients' perceptions on individualized care
- ICS A → explores the practice of individualised care during nursing interventions (19 items)
- ICS B → examines the perception of individuality in care (19 items)



Indivualized Care Scale

Validity established through:

- Face validity
- Content validity
- Concept validity



Individualized Care Scale

ICS A	0.94
ICS B	0.93

Alpha coefficients for ICS A & ICS B

Subscale	ICS A	ICS B
Clinical situation	0.89	0.89
Personal life situation	0.88	0.85
Decisional control over care	0.88	0.83

Alpha coefficients for subscales

(Suhonen et al, 2005)



Individualized Care Scale

- Use of a modified version – 34 items
- 3 subscales within the questionnaire
 - individual patient characteristics in the clinical situation caused by the hospitalisation (7 items)
 - the patient's personal life situation before the hospitalization (4 items)
 - decisional control over own care (6 items)
- Likert scale
1 = fully disagree ... 5 = fully agree



Patient Satisfaction Scale

- Developed by Hessok Suzie Kim (1988)
- Modified by Pr. Helena Kilbi (2003)
- 4 point Likert questionnaire

1 = very dissatisfied ... 4 = very satisfied

- 11 item instrument